SPINY WATER FLEA DENSITIES IN THE GILE FLOWAGE 2004-2005

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Background Information

The Gile Flowage is a 3,384 acre impoundment in Iron Co. Wisconsin. It has a maximum depth of 25 feet. It is the first inland lake in Wisconsin found to contain spiny water fleas (*Bythotrophes cederstroemi*). Spiny water fleas (SWF's) are an exotic species of zooplankton native to northern Europe. SWF's are predaceous, feeding on other zooplankton. Their long spiny tails prevent them from being eaten by juvenile or small fish. They cause shifts in the native zooplankton community and may impair recruitment of juvenile fish into the adult population. They were first found in the Gile Flowage in the late summer of 2003.

Monitoring Methods

The flowage was monitored during 2004 and 2005 to assess the population of SWF's present. Four sites were sampled (figure 1). In 2004 sites were sampled approximately twice per month beginning in July. In 2005 sites were sampled monthly beginning in May. At each site four vertical tows were made from two feet off the bottom to the surface. A 0.5 m diameter plankton net with a 253 micron screen was used. Surface water temperature was measured. Water elevation was also recorded, using the gage at the dam.

Monitoring Results

Monitoring results are summarized below:

	SWF's/m ³	Water	Water
Date	Mean +/- 90% confidence interval	Level (ft)*	<u>Temp (^oC)</u>
7-7-04	18.1 +/- 8.6	1488.3	18.7
7-23-04	8.7 +/- 2.7	1486.6	NA
8-10-04	24.8 +/- 8.1	1485.3	20.2
8-27-04	21.5 +/- 6.1	1484.9	18.3
9-29-04	4.0 +/- 0.9	1484.3	15.7
10-15-04	7.7 +/-5.2	1484.2	9.5
11-04-04	11.4 +/- 4.1	1484.6	7.5
	2		
	$SWF's/m^3$	Water	Water
<u>Date</u>	Mean +/- 90% confidence interval	Level (ft)*	<u>Temp (^oC)</u>
5-24-05	0	1489.2	15.0
6-16-05	27.2 +/- 8.6	1488.6	20.8
7-20-05	9.9 +/- 4.8	1486.0	25.1
8-16-05	4.1 +/- 1.3	1485.8	NA
9-15-05	5.9 +/- 2.1	1484.0	15.7
10-17-05	9.5 +/- 3.5	1484.2	18.3

*1490.0 ft. is considered full pool

Detailed sampling results are presented in tables 1 - 12. Spiny water flea densities for the two years are graphed in figures 2 and 3. Figure 4 combines the density graphs from the two years to facilitate a comparison.

<u>2004</u> – Mean density showed a significant increase between July 23rd and August 10th (figure 2). A significant decrease in density occurred between August 27th and September 29th. Masses of dead SWF's were observed washed up on the shoreline on September 17th by Jake Vander Zanden of UW-Madison. This phenomenon has also been observed on other lakes with SWF's. The cause of these mass die-offs is not known.

There was no clear relationship between SWF density and water level or water temperature. Water level dropped 4.1 feet between July 7th and October 15th, and then rose 0.4 feet by November 4th. The summer of 2004 was cooler than normal and this was reflected in water temperatures, with 20.2°C (68.4°F) being the highest temperature measured.

General observations of other zooplankton in the samples showed they were heavily dominated by copepods on all dates. Some *Chaoborus* were present in July samples. *Leptodora*, a large, native, predaceous zooplankton species, was present on all dates in August through November. Their highest population was found on September 29th when the density of SWF's was at its lowest. This may be due to competition between SWF's and *Leptodora*. *Leptodora* populations were found to decline in Lake Michigan after SWF's were introduced there and competition was believed to be responsible.

2005 – SWF's were not present in samples collected on May 24th (figure 3) when the water temperature was 15.0°C (59.0°F). SWF's overwinter as "resting" eggs which hatch when the water warms in late spring. By June 16th a mean density of 27.2 SWF's/m³ was present. A significant decrease in density occurred between June 16th and July 20th. A further density decrease by August 16th is suggested, although the change was not quite statistically significant. SWF density was dramatically lower in August of 2005 than August of 2004. A partial recovery of SWF density occurred in the fall.

Water level fluctuations were similar in 2005 to 2004. Water levels dropped 5.2 feet between May 24th and September 15th, and then rose 0.2 feet by October 17th.

A large transfer of bluegills and pumpkinseeds from Mercer Lake to the Gile Flowage was made between June 7th and June 23rd by DNR staff. 23,320 bluegills sized from 3.0 to 6.4 inches and 10, 970 pumpkinseeds sized from 3.3 to 5.9 inches were transferred. The transfer of fish is correlated with the decline in SWF density. Bluegills are believed to be effective predators of SWF. The disappearance of SWF's in Fish Lake Minnesota is believed to have resulted from a large increase in the bluegill and crappie population. Zooplankton are a substantial component in the diets of both these species.

A possible alternative explanation for the low SWF density in August is the higher water temperatures that occurred in 2005. July was a very warm month. The flowage water temperature on July 20th was 25.1°C (77.2°F). SWF's have been found to be sensitive to water temperatures above 25°C. In the western basin of Lake Erie, SWF's rapidly disappear during periods of high water temperatures.

Cladocerans dominated the zooplankton community on May 24th. Copepods were dominant on all other dates. *Leptodora* was present on all dates except October 17th. *Leptodara* had a population peak on August 16th, when SWF's were at there lowest density, similar to what was observed in 2004. *Holopedium* was present on all dates. *Holopedium* has a gelatinous bivalved mantle that probably protects it from predation by SWF's. *Holopedium* populations have been observed to increase in Lake Superior following the introduction of SWF's there. *Holopedium* was also present in 2004 at lower densities, and observations were not recorded that year.









TABLE 1.	2004 GILE FLOWAGE SPINY	WATER FLEA MONITORING RESULTS, JULY 7, 2004
	A plankton net with a 0.5 m dia	meter and 253 micron screen was used to make 4 vertical tows
	at each of 4 sites.	

	DATE =	07-Jul-04		
SITE 1 Water D TOW A B C D	N46 25 12.0, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 6 12 10 58	/90 13 31.5 25 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 30.6 61.2 51 295.8	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 4.4 8.7 7.3 42.2	23
SITE 2 Water D <u>TOW</u> A B C D	N46 24 24.9, W eepth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 25 16 4 55	/90 13 35.0 23 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 127.5 81.6 20.4 280.5	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 19.9 12.8 3.2 43.8	21
SITE 3 Water D TOW A B C D	N46 23 38.2, W bepth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 7 13 4 4	/90 14 10.5 19 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 35.7 66.3 20.4 20.4	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 6.9 12.8 3.9 3.9	17
SITE 4 Water D <u>TOW</u> A B C D	N46 23 54.4, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 6 12 10 58	/90 12 54.9 14 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 30.6 61.2 51 295.8	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 8.4 16.7 13.9 80.9	12
MEAN = STANDAR 90% CONI	18.8 D DEV. = F. INTERVAL =	95.6 100.6 41.4	18.1 20.8 8.6	

Zooplankton mostly copepods, with some Chaoborus Water elevation at dam gage = 1488.3 ft.

Site 1 profile	data:		
	Conductivity		
Depth (m)	<u>(uS)</u>	<u>Temp (C)</u>	Temp (F)
0.2	45	18.7	65.7
1	45	18.7	65.7
2	45	18.7	65.7
3	45	18.6	65.5
4	45	18.6	65.5
5	45	18.5	65.3
6	45	18.5	65.3
7	59	17.4	63.3
7.5 =BOTTOM			

TABLE 2.	2004 GILE FLOWAGE SPINY	WATER FLEA MONITORING RESULTS, JULY 23, 2004
	A plankton net with a 0.5 m dia	meter and 253 micron screen was used to make 4 vertical tows
	at each of 4 sites	
		22 101 04

	DATE =	23-Jul-04		
SITE 1 Water D TOW A B C D	N46 25 12.0, W Pepth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 12 6 8 10	/90 13 31.5 23 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 61.2 30.6 40.8 51	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 10.0 5.0 6.7 8.4	20
SITE 2 Water D <u>TOW</u> A B C D	N46 24 24.9, W eepth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 8 17 26 6	/90 13 35.0 21 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 40.8 86.7 132.6 30.6	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 7.0 15.0 22.9 5.3	19
SITE 3 Water D TOW A B C D	N46 23 38.2, W bepth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 4 6 7 4	/90 14 10.5 17 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 20.4 30.6 35.7 20.4	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 4.5 6.7 7.8 4.5	15
SITE 4 Water D <u>TOW</u> A B C D	N46 23 54.4, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 2 3 5 11	/90 12 54.9 12 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 10.2 15.3 25.5 56.1	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 3.3 5.0 8.4 18.4	10
MEAN = STANDAR 90% CONI	8.4 D DEVIATION = F. INTERVAL =	43.0 30.8 12.7	8.7 5.5 2.3	

Zooplankton mostly copepods, with some Chaoborus Water elevation at dam gage = 1486.6 ft.

Site 1 profile data:

Site 1 profile data:						
	Conductivity					
Depth (m)	D.O.(mg/l)	<u>(uS)</u>	<u>pH</u>			
0.2	7	48	7.2			
1	7	48	7.1			
2	6.8	48	7.1			
3	6.8	48	7			
4	6.6	48	6.9			
5	1.1	51	6.4			
6	0.1	53	6.4			
6.5 = bottom						

 TABLE 3.
 2004 GILE FLOWAGE SPINY WATER FLEA MONITORING RESULTS, AUGUST 10, 2004

 A plankton net with a 0.5 m diameter and 253 micron screen was used to make 4 vertical tows
 at each of 4 sites

	DATE =	10-Aug-04		
SITE 1 Water D <u>TOW</u> A B C D	N46 25 12.0, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 2 8 7 11	/90 13 31.5 20 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 10.2 40.8 35.7 56.1	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 1.9 7.4 6.5 10.2	18
SITE 2 Water D TOW A B C D	N46 24 24.9, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 11 18 32 20	/90 13 35.0 20 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 56.1 91.8 163.2 102	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 10.2 16.7 29.8 18.6	18
SITE 3 Water D <u>TOW</u> A B C D	N46 23 38.2, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 25 19 13 41	/90 14 10.5 15 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 127.5 96.9 66.3 209.1	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 32.2 24.5 16.7 52.8	13
SITE 4 Water D <u>TOW</u> A B C D	N46 23 54.4, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 38 29 6 18	/90 12 54.9 11 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 193.8 147.9 30.6 91.8	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 70.7 53.9 11.2 33.5	9
MEAN = STANDAR 90% CONF	18.6 D DEVIATION = F. INTERVAL =	95.0 59.4 24.4	24.8 19.7 8.1	

Zooplankton mostly copepods, some Leptodora present Water elevation at dam gage = 1485.3 ft.

Site 1 profile data:

Site 1 profile data:						
	Conductivity					
D.O.(mg/l)	<u>(uS)</u>	<u>pH</u>	<u>Temp (C)</u>	Temp (F)		
7.4	50	6.9	20.2	68.4		
7.3	50	7.2	20.2	68.4		
7.3	50	7.2	20.3	68.5		
7.2	50	7.3	20.3	68.5		
7.2	50	7.3	20.4	68.7		
7.3	50	7	20.4	68.7		
	data: <u>D.O.(mg/l)</u> 7.4 7.3 7.3 7.2 7.2 7.2 7.3	Conductivity D.O.(mg/l) (uS) 7.4 50 7.3 50 7.3 50 7.2 50 7.3 50 7.2 50 7.3 50	Conductivity D.O.(mq/l) (uS) pH 7.4 50 6.9 7.3 50 7.2 7.3 50 7.2 7.2 50 7.3 7.2 50 7.3 7.2 50 7.3 7.3 50 7.3 7.3 50 7.3 7.3 50 7.3 7.3 50 7	Conductivity D.O.(mg/l) (uS) pH Temp (C) 7.4 50 6.9 20.2 7.3 50 7.2 20.2 7.3 50 7.2 20.3 7.2 50 7.3 20.3 7.2 50 7.3 20.4 7.3 50 7 20.4		

 TABLE 4.
 2004 GILE FLOWAGE SPINY WATER FLEA MONITORING RESULTS, AUGUST 27, 2004

 A plankton net with a 0.5 m diameter and 253 micron screen was used to make 4 vertical tows at each of 4 sites

	DATE =	27-Aug-04		
SITE 1 Water D <u>TOW</u> A B C D	N46 25 12.0, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 48 18 12 26	90 13 31.5 18 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 244.8 91.8 61.2 132.6	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 50.2 18.8 12.6 27.2	16
SITE 2 Water D <u>TOW</u> A B C D	N46 24 24.9, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 24 2 2 6	90 13 35.0 14 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 122.4 10.2 10.2 30.6	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 33.5 2.8 2.8 8.4	12
SITE 3 Water D TOW A B C D	N46 23 38.2, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 27 14 25 12	90 14 10.5 13 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 137.7 71.4 127.5 61.2	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 41.1 21.3 38.0 18.3	11
SITE 4 Water D <u>TOW</u> A B C D	N46 23 54.4, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 10 17 3 3	90 12 54.9 10 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 51 86.7 15.3 15.3	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 20.9 35.6 6.3 6.3	8
MEAN = STANDAR 90% CONF	15.6 D DEVIATION = F. INTERVAL =	79.4 63.1 25.9	21.5 14.8 6.1	

Zooplankton mostly copepods, some Leptodora present Water elevation at dam gage = 1484.9 ft. Surface water temperature = 18.3 degrees C (65 degrees F)

 TABLE 5.
 2004 GILE FLOWAGE SPINY WATER FLEA MONITORING RESULTS, SEPTEMBER 29, 2004

 A plankton net with a 0.5 m diameter and 253 micron screen was used to make 4 vertical tows at each of 4 sites

	DATE =	29-Sep-04		
SITE 1 Water D TOW A B C D	N46 25 12.0, W eepth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 2 2 3 5	/90 13 31.5 20 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 10.2 10.2 15.3 25.5	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 1.9 1.9 2.8 4.6	18
SITE 2 Water D <u>TOW</u> A B C D	N46 24 24.9, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 5 7 6 5 5	/90 13 35.0 17 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 25.5 35.7 30.6 25.5	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 5.6 7.8 6.7 5.6	15
SITE 3 Water D TOW A B C D	N46 23 38.2, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 1 1 3 1	/90 14 10.5 13 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 5.1 5.1 15.3 5.1	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 1.5 1.5 4.6 1.5	11
SITE 4 Water D TOW A B C D	N46 23 54.4, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 1 3 2 3	/90 12 54.9 10 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 5.1 15.3 10.2 15.3	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 2.1 6.3 4.2 6.3	8
MEAN = STANDAR 90% CONI	3.1 D DEVIATION = INTERVAL =	15.9 9.8 4.0	4.0 2.2 0.9	

Zooplankton mostly copepods, total of 43 Leptodora counted in all tows

Secchi depth = 4.5 ft.

Water elevation at dam gage = 1484.3 ft.

Site 1 profile data:

Site i prome	Sile i profile data:						
		Conductivity					
Depth (m)	<u>D.O.(mg/l)</u>	<u>(uS)</u>	Temp (C)	Temp (F)			
0.2	8.5	48	15.7	60.3			
1	8.5	48	15.7	60.3			
2	8.4	48	15.5	59.9			
3	8.4	48	15.4	59.7			
4	8.4	48	15.4	59.7			
5	8.3	48	15.3	59.5			
5.5	8.2	48	15.3	59.5			
6 = BOTTOM							

 TABLE 6.
 2004 GILE FLOWAGE SPINY WATER FLEA MONITORING RESULTS, OCTOBER 15, 2004

 A plankton net with a 0.5 m diameter and 253 micron screen was used to make 4 vertical tows at each of 4 sites

	DATE =	15-Oct-04		
SITE 1 Water D <u>TOW</u> A B C D	N46 25 12.0, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 1 1 1 0	/90 13 31.5 17 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 5.1 5.1 5.1 0	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 1.1 1.1 1.1 0.0	15
SITE 2 Water D TOW A B C D	N46 24 24.9, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 2 4 0 0	/90 13 35.0 18 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 10.2 20.4 0 0	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 2.1 4.2 0.0 0.0	16
SITE 3 Water D TOW A B C D	N46 23 38.2, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 2 5 2 0	/90 14 10.5 14 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 10.2 25.5 10.2 0	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 2.8 7.0 2.8 0.0	12
SITE 4 Water D <u>TOW</u> A B C D	N46 23 54.4, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 6 9 20 7	/90 12 54.9 9 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 30.6 45.9 102 35.7	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 14.3 21.5 47.8 16.7	7
MEAN = STANDAR 90% CONF	3.8 D DEVIATION = INTERVAL =	19.1 26.2 10.8	7.7 12.6 5.2	

Zooplankton mostly copepods, total of 19 Leptodora counted in all tows Water elevation at dam gage = 1484.2 ft. Surface water temperature = 9.5 degrees C (49.1 degrees F)

Surface water D.O. concentration = 10.9 mg/l

 TABLE 7.
 2004 GILE FLOWAGE SPINY WATER FLEA MONITORING RESULTS, NOVEMBER 4, 2004

 A plankton net with a 0.5 m diameter and 253 micron screen was used to make 4 vertical tows at each of 4 sites

	DATE =	04-Nov-04		
SITE 1 Water D <u>TOW</u> A B C D	N46 25 12.0, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 6 2 13 11	/90 13 31.5 16 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 30.6 10.2 66.3 56.1	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 7.2 2.4 15.5 13.1	14
SITE 2 Water D <u>TOW</u> A B C D	N46 24 24.9, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 8 7 3 10	/90 13 35.0 16 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 40.8 35.7 15.3 51	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 9.6 8.4 3.6 12.0	14
SITE 3 Water D TOW A B C D	N46 23 38.2, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 2 8 4 8	/90 14 10.5 13 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 10.2 40.8 20.4 40.8	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 3.0 12.2 6.1 12.2	11
SITE 4 Water D <u>TOW</u> A B C D	N46 23 54.4, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 19 4 7 2	/90 12 54.9 9 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 96.9 20.4 35.7 10.2	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 45.4 9.6 16.7 4.8	7
MEAN = STANDAR 90% CONF	7.1 D DEVIATION = F. INTERVAL =	36.3 23.5 9.7	11.4 10.1 4.1	

Zooplankton mostly copepods, some Leptodora present

Surface water temperature = 7.5 degrees C (45.5 degrees F)

Water elevation at dam gage = 1484.6 ft.

 TABLE 8.
 2005 GILE FLOWAGE SPINY WATER FLEA MONITORING RESULTS, JUNE 16, 2005

 A plankton net with a 0.5 m diameter and 253 micron screen was used to make 4 vertical tows at each of 4 sites.

	DATE =	16-Jun-05		
SITE 1 Water D <u>TOW</u> A B C D	N46 25 12.0, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 12 18 18 18 13	/90 13 31.5 21 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 61.2 91.8 91.8 66.3	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 10.6 15.9 15.9 11.5	19
SITE 2 Water D <u>TOW</u> A B C D	N46 24 24.9, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 38 37 31 42	/90 13 35.0 21 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 193.8 188.7 158.1 214.2	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 33.5 32.6 27.3 37.0	19
SITE 3 Water D <u>TOW</u> A B C D	N46 23 38.2, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 27 18 79 57	/90 14 10.5 18 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 137.7 91.8 402.9 290.7	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 28.2 18.8 82.6 59.6	16
SITE 4 Water D TOW A B C D	N46 23 54.4, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 6 8 11 19	/90 12 54.9 14 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 30.6 40.8 56.1 96.9	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 8.4 11.2 15.3 26.5	12
MEAN = STANDAR 90% CONF	27.1 D DEV. = F. INTERVAL =	138.3 100.7 41.4	27.2 19.8 8.6	

Zooplankton mostly copepods, with some non-SWF cladocerans Holopedium present in all tows. Leptodora observed in 2 tow samples. Water elevation at dam gage = 1488.6 ft. Surface temp = 69.4 F; Secchi depth = 5.0 ft; Conductivity = 43; Dissolved Oxygen = 7.8

4 vertical tows made on 05-24-05 found no spiny water fleas present. Surface water temp = 59 F.

 TABLE 9.
 2005 GILE FLOWAGE SPINY WATER FLEA MONITORING RESULTS, JULY 20, 2005

 A plankton net with a 0.5 m diameter and 253 micron screen was used to make 4 vertical tows at each of 4 sites

	DATE =	20-Jul-05		
SITE 1 Water D TOW A B C D	N46 25 12.0, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 1 1 2 1	/90 13 31.5 20 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 5.1 5.1 10.2 5.1	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 0.9 0.9 1.9 0.9	18
SITE 2 Water D <u>TOW</u> A B C D	N46 24 24.9, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 4 6 2 3	/90 13 35.0 20 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 20.4 30.6 10.2 15.3	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 3.7 5.6 1.9 2.8	18
SITE 3 Water D TOW A B C D	N46 23 38.2, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 25 25 21 12	/90 14 10.5 15 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 127.5 127.5 107.1 61.2	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 32.2 32.2 27.0 15.4	13
SITE 4 Water D <u>TOW</u> A B C D	N46 23 54.4, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 11 1 3 3 3	/90 12 54.9 11 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 56.1 5.1 15.3 15.3	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 20.5 1.9 5.6 5.6	9
MEAN = STANDAR 90% CONF	7.6 D DEVIATION = INTERVAL =	38.6 44.3 18.2	9.9 11.6 4.8	

Zooplankton mostly copepods. Leptodora and Holopedium observed in nearly all tows. Water elevation at dam gage = 1486.0 ft. Surface water temp. = 77.2 F; dissolved oxygen = 7.0

TABLE 10. 2005 GILE FLOWAGE SPINY WATER FLEA MONITORING RESULTS, AUGUST 16, 2005 A plankton net with a 0.5 m diameter and 253 micron screen was used to make 4 vertical tows at each of 4 sites DATE = 16 Aug 04

	DATE =	16-Aug-04		
SITE 1 Water D TOW A B C D	N46 25 12.0, W pepth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 0 3 3 11	/90 13 31.5 21 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 0 15.3 15.3 56.1	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 0.0 2.6 2.6 9.7	19
SITE 2 Water D <u>TOW</u> A B C D	N46 24 24.9, W lepth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 6 4 3 4	90 13 35.0 20 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 30.6 20.4 15.3 20.4	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 5.6 3.7 2.8 3.7	18
SITE 3 Water D TOW A B C D	N46 23 38.2, W Pepth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 10 2 2 2 2	90 14 10.5 15 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 51 10.2 10.2 10.2	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 12.9 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6	13
SITE 4 Water D A B C D	N46 23 54.4, W lepth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 2 2 3 1	'90 12 54.9 11 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 10.2 10.2 15.3 5.1	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 3.7 3.7 5.6 1.9	9
MEAN = STANDAR 90% CONI	3.6 D DEVIATION = F. INTERVAL =	18.5 15.3 6.3	4.1 3.1 1.3	

OTHER DATA, COMMENTS

Zooplankton mostly copepods. Leptodora and Holopedium present in most tows. Water elevation at dam gage = 1485.8 ft.

TABLE 11. 2005 GILE FLOWAGE SPINY WATER FLEA MONITORING RESULTS, SEPTEMBER 15, 2005 A plankton net with a 0.5 m diameter and 253 micron screen was used to make 4 vertical tows at each of 4 sites

	DATE =	15-Sep-04		
SITE 1 Water D TOW A B C D	N46 25 12.0, W pepth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 6 3 1 10	/90 13 31.5 18 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 30.6 15.3 5.1 51	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 6.3 3.1 1.0 10.5	16
SITE 2 Water D TOW A B C D	N46 24 24.9, W pepth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 9 4 2 7	/90 13 35.0 18 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 45.9 20.4 10.2 35.7	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 9.4 4.2 2.1 7.3	16
SITE 3 Water D TOW A B C D	N46 23 38.2, W pepth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 5 6 1 12	/90 14 10.5 12 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 25.5 30.6 5.1 61.2	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 8.4 10.0 1.7 20.1	10
SITE 4 Water D <u>TOW</u> A B C D	N46 23 54.4, W lepth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 2 3 0 0	/90 12 54.9 10 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 10.2 15.3 0 0	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 4.2 6.3 0.0 0.0	8
MEAN = STANDAR 90% CONF	4.4 D DEVIATION = F. INTERVAL =	22.6 18.6 7.7	5.9 5.2 2.1	

OTHER DATA, COMMENTS

Zooplankton mostly copepods. Leptodora and Holopedium observed in half of tow samples. Water elevation at dam gage = 1484.0 ft. Surface water temperature = 65 F

 TABLE 12.
 2005 GILE FLOWAGE SPINY WATER FLEA MONITORING RESULTS, OCTOBER 17, 2005

 A plankton net with a 0.5 m diameter and 253 micron screen was used to make 4 vertical tows at each of 4 sites

	DATE =	17-Oct-05		
SITE 1 Water D <u>TOW</u> A B C D	N46 25 12.0, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 15 9 38 20	/90 13 31.5 22 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 76.5 45.9 193.8 102	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 12.6 7.5 31.8 16.7	20
SITE 2 Water D TOW A B C D	N46 24 24.9, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 3 1 1 1	/90 13 35.0 20 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 15.3 5.1 5.1 5.1 5.1	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 2.8 0.9 0.9 0.9	18
SITE 3 Water D TOW A B C D	N46 23 38.2, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 10 11 13 13	/90 14 10.5 15 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 51 56.1 66.3 66.3	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 12.9 14.2 16.7 16.7	13
SITE 4 Water D <u>TOW</u> A B C D	N46 23 54.4, W epth (ft) = <u>NO. SWF'S</u> 3 4 4 1	/90 12 54.9 14 <u>SWF'S/m2</u> 15.3 20.4 20.4 5.1	Vertical tow depth (ft) = <u>SWF'S/m3</u> 4.2 5.6 5.6 1.4	12
MEAN = STANDAR 90% CONF	9.2 D DEVIATION = INTERVAL =	46.9 49.5 20.4	9.5 8.5 3.5	

Zooplankton mostly copepods. Holopedium observed in 3 tow samples. Leptodora not observed. Short filaments of green algae were abundant in samples. Water elevation at dam gage = 1486.0 Surface water temperature = 49 F